

NUMERACY LESSON PLAN

GRADE	LEARNING AREA	WEEK	DATE	LESSON	Тіме	Roll	-
	MATHEMATICS ACTIVITIES	#		#	:	Boys G	IRLS

STRAND	Mathematics (Numeracy) Activities
SUB STRAND	Comparing numbers
ESSENCE	
STATEMENT	
Key Inquiry	How can I help learners appreciate communication/collaboration through
QUESTIONS	this activity?
SPECIFIC	The learner should be able to:
LEARNING	a) Compare numbers and decide whether they are greater than,
OUTCOMES	smaller than or equal to.
	b) Explain and use different terminology that means greater than,
	lesser that and equal to.
LEARNING	Facilitator asks learners questions about comparing, learner to listen and
EXPERIENCES	think of situations where comparing applies (i.e. I am smaller than my
	brother).
PERTINENT AND	Peer and Health education, mentorship
CONTEMPORARY	
ISSUE (PCI)	
Co-	Digital Literacy, Communication and Collaboration, Learning to
COMPETENCY	Learn, Self-efficacy
CO-VALUES	Responsibility, autonomy, respect
LTK+	ELM – Compare activity.
OTHER	ELM Printables - Compare
LEARNING	
RESOURCES	

RESOURCES

*Note that if you are able to have a Teacher aid for the Lesson Plan, it may be very helpful to the facilitator.

Learning Organisation

- 1) Learners in pairs to use the compare activities on ELM to enhance their skills.
- 2) Learners in pairs/groups to compare two sets of objects.

Review of previous lesson (2 mins)

Learners to share with the whole class in turns, on the previous lesson, what they liked about the lesson as they learn from one another.

Introduction (5 mins)

1) How can I compare quantities (number of elements) in two groups of objects/people?





https://literacy.concordia.ca/resources/elm/teacher/en



- Do I have enough cake for all of my guests?
- Can each person have 2 pieces of cake?
- Why/Why not?
- What kinds of terms are we using?

Learners discuss each question and what it means to compare numbers. Illicit in their discussion the of smaller than, greater than and equal to. Give learners alternate terms that can also be used to compare objects/people (example below).

Lesson development (10 mins)

Two activities are described below. These activities can run concurrently in the classroom or be done separately.

Activity 1: Count and Compare two sets of objects.

Facilitator Preparation:

- Divide Class into 2 groups.
- Subdivide group into several smaller groups (4-5 learners/group).
- These small groups will work with objects in the middle of the classroom.
- Prepare several sets of objects (as many as needed for number of learners/group).
- Groups will switch to 2nd activity after 20 mins.

Stage (Time)	Facilitator's Activities	Learners' Activities
Introduction	Assign an area for each small group. Tell	Learners listen.
(5 mins)	learners:	
	You will be organizing objects in two	Then draw a card and
	sets according to the numbers you draw	divide objects
	on a card (snow cards).	accordingly
	You will also draw symbols that show	
	which is bigger smaller or equal to: <	
	>. =	
Activity	1) Give learners a set of cards that has 2	Learners discuss
(15 mins)	random numbers between 1 & 10 (i.e.	number of objects in
	7,3 -6,1-2,2).	each set of objects,
	2) Give learners blank cards where they	then place the correct
	can draw: <, >, =; and write :	expression between
	more/bigger than, less/smaller than,	the 2 group of objects.
	equal to/same as.	
	3) One person in the group draws a card	
	with 2 random numbers on it and	
	divides objects into 2 sets using the	



number cards. For example: 7,6
(others help accordingly).
4) The other members of the group count
objects in each set of objects and use
the expressions: more/bigger than,
less/smaller than, equal to/same as
and place the correct expression
between the two sets of objects
correctly.
5) Learners verify answer and discuss.
6) Redo activity several times,
alternating between learners in the
group for each role.

Activity 2: Compare activity in ELM.

Facilitator Preparation:

- Divide Class into 2 groups.
- Subdivide group into pairs.These learners will go to the computer.
- Setup computer stations around the classroom and assign teams.
- Groups will switch to 2nd activity after 20 mins.

Introduction (5 mins)Tell learners: You will be working on an activity on the computer. Take turns to solve each problem and complete your puzzle.Learners work together and alternate to work on the Compare activity in	Stage (Time)	Facilitator's Activities	Learners' Activities
 Work together when you need help. Have learners go to ELM and log in: Learners select and complete the Compare activity in Number Concept, starting at Step1. Have them work 2-3 learners together, alternating between who solves the problem (puzzle piece) in one student's account. If learners need help they can ask a member of their group for help. 	Stage (Time) Introduction (5 mins)	 Facilitator's Activities Tell learners: You will be working on an activity on the computer. Take turns to solve each problem and complete your puzzle. Work together when you need help. Have learners go to ELM and log in: 1) Learners select and complete the Compare activity in Number Concept, starting at Step1. 2) Have them work 2-3 learners together, alternating between who solves the problem (puzzle piece) in one student's account. 3) If learners need help they can ask a member of their group for help. 	Learners' Activities Learners work together and alternate to work on the Compare activity in ELM.



Learner Reflection

Facilitator Preparation:

- Divide Class into 2 groups.
- Subdivide group into pairs.

Stage (Time)	Facilitator's Activities	Learners' Activities
Reflection	Ask learners what they learned from	Learners reflect on
(20 mins)	the activities:	the activity.
	 Was it difficult? Why? 	
	What strategies did you use when	
	you got stuck?	Discuss.
	 What were the challenges? 	
	 How did they overcome these? 	

Examples of alternate comparing terms

- Same as
- Equal to
- Smaller than
- Less than
- Bigger than
- Greater than

Prompts the facilitator can encourage learners to use

When a learner is stuck, another group member will prompt them by saying:

- What is the first thing you do when comparing two sets of objects?
- Let's categorize/organize/sort these objects
- Let's count these objects
- Let's write the number of objects on a piece of paper
- Let's write the symbols that are associated with the terms: *Greater than, lesser than* and *equal to...*
- Who has more? Who has less?

